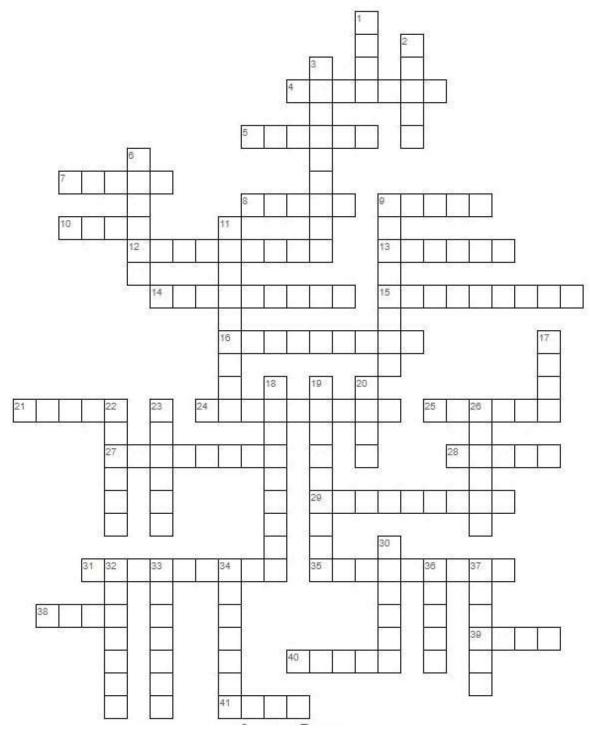
Bradfield and Foulstone Moors Geocross V75

No contact geocaching and crossword

Mike Browell October 2023 (mike.browell@btinternet.com)



To solve this crossword puzzle you need to visit the 14 locations of the main feature in the following photographs.

You will need the what3words app (W3W) on your GPS device. Using your GPS device held over the main feature you then get the what3words address. You will probably have to move around to find the W3W square containing the 'word' provided.

Save all the words and eventually fit the words to the crossword grid.

There are just three crossword clues. Find these words first, then fit all the other words to the grid. There may be more than one solution. One word may appear twice, you only need it once for the crossword.

Clues

6 DOWN still

25 ACROSS exploded

30 DOWN Turkish skewers

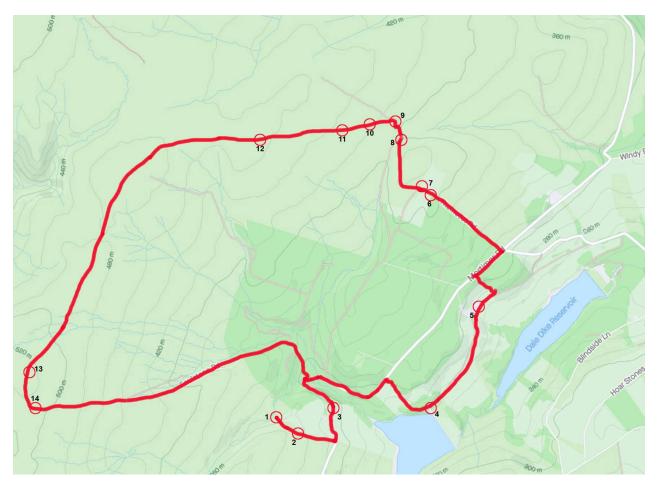
The GPS on mobile phones can be imprecise. This can mean that multiple devices very close to each other might show different 3 word addresses, not because the 3 word addresses of your actual location is different but because the devices each think they are in slightly different places. Each location is a grid square 3x3 metres.

In order to help you ensure that you obtain the correct three word (W3W) address, the first word in the W3W is provided as a clue. You may need to walk around the main feature into different 3 x 3 metre grid squares to find the correct W3W address.

E.g. Let's assume that you are at a location given by the W3W address thick.verge.commented and you are told the first word of the W3W address is the word "thick". You now know you have found the right one.

Location	OS grid reference	W3W		
		First word	Second word	Third word
1	FT Mappin Stone SK 21850 90559	dabbing		
2	Shooting butt 2 SK 21995 90485	silk		
3	Take off Stone SK 22286 90693	most		
4	Broggin House SK 23059 90646	volume		
5	Highfield House SK 23441 91488	tanks		
6	Thornseat Road edge stones SK 23058 92373	races		
7	Thornseat House gate post SK 22967 92427	vibes		
8	Shooting cabin SK 22830 92825	precluded		
9	Shooting butt 2 SK 22761 92947	helpfully		
10	Boundary marker BJV SK 22480 92958	bagels		
11	Boundary marker WM SK 22197 92993	school		
12	New Cross SK 21611 92870	diary		
13	Back Tor boulders SK 19910 90951	detonated		
14	Bradfield Gate Head SK 19692 89725	plots		

Each of the locations can be found on the route below. The locations are listed in order and sufficient background is included to help you triangulate your position to identify the location



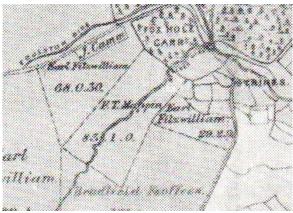
Start from The Strines Inn

Location 1 OS ref SK 21850 90559

F T Mappin stone

Contains "dabbing"





Sir Frederick Thorpe Mappin died in 1910. He was one of Sheffields most distinguished citizens, weathy, cultivated and philanthropic to public interests. He was known as 'Sheffields Grand Old Man and a Liberal MP for 20 years.

His wealth came from a family cutlery business and he was elected the youngest ever Master Cutler in 1885, Later he later moved into steel-making.

Mappin was the chief founder of the Technical School that was to become Sheffield University, and he gifted The Mappin Building to the fledgling university. He also donated many valuable paintings to The Mappin Art Gallery at Weston Park.

This stone is located on part of the Bradfield Shooting Association moors where he and later his son Wilson Mappin held shooting parties.

Location 2 OS ref SK 21995 90485 Shooting butt 2

Contains "silk"



A line of nine shooting butts on Strines Moor Ridge overlooks Strines Moor. These are now managed by the Wentworth Fitzwilliam Estate and have been recently upgraded. These are decidedly 'posh' and have gates.



Shooting butt 8 even has a deck looking west over Foulstone Moor to Derwent Edge.

Location 3 OS ref SK 22286 90693

Take off Stone

Contains "most"





The Strines Inn is a popular moorland pub on Mortimer Road and the last surviving public house left in the upper dale. It started as a farm serving passing packhorse trains, and was extended many times, most notably by the Worrall family of Ughill whose coat of arms with lion rampart and three goblets which can be seen over the door.

Hans Winthrop Mortimer, Lord of Bamford Hall undertook the upgrading of a pre-existing road to a turnpike in 1777. He expected to make large profits from tolls for wagons carrying lead and woolen goods, but ran out of money before the new road was completed. The steep climb out from Strines Bridge usually needed an additional horse to help heavily laden wagons to reach The Strines Inn. The extre horse had to be removed and paid for at the Take off Stone.

Location 4 OS ref SK 23059 9064

Broggin House

Contains "volume"



The many streams on the moors to the west collect into the Strines and Foulstone Dykes. Strines means a meeting of streams and Foulstone Moor and Brogging Moss have more than their fair share. Broggin House is a grade 2 Listed Building and has a date stone of 1718 on the door lintel. It pre-dates the construction of the Strines Reservoir by 150 years.

Strines Reservoir is one of four reservoirs planned and built to supply Sheffields growing population and industry. Dale Dyke would have been the first had the dam not failed in March 1864 and 700,000,000 gallons of water swept down into the Loxley Valley, destroying everything in its path including the many mills and workers cottages. More than 240 people died and many bodies were never found.

Damflask Reservoir was completed in 1867, Agden and Strines in 1869 and finally the rebuilt Dale Dyke in 1875

Location 5 OS ref SK 23441 91488
Hallfield House
Contains "tanks"



The original house dates from Elizabethan times, before 1560, and has been extended many times. The public footpath passes through the gardens and the front door. The house faces south east and overlooks Dale Dyke Reservoir.

Location 6 OS ref SK 23058 92373

Thornseat Road edge stones

Contains "races"



Thornseat House had its own road, off Mortimer Road. It was a thriving quarry business in the delfts to the west.

Various edge stones are still visible, probably placed to ensure thar carts and animals didn't destroy the footpath on its left side.

Location 7 OS ref SK 22967 92427
Thornseat House gate post

Contains "vibes"





The foundations have been recently excavated showing where the house once stood. The adjacent land is named Thornfield Moor and Thornseat Delf and has been extensively quarried. Thin bedded gritstone has been extracted, used for roofing slates. The quarries were abandoned many years ago.

Location 8 OS ref SK 22830 92825 Shooting cabin Contains "precluded"



These well constructed shooting cabins are tucked away in a hollow.

Location 9 OS ref SK 22761 92947 Shooting Butt 2 Contains "helpfully"



The open moors above Thornseat House are named Holling Dale and are primarily used for shooting. This is one of nine recently rebuilt shooting butts.

Location 10 OS ref SK 22480 92958 Boundary Marker BJV Contains "bagels"



Historically Holling Dale moorland was common grazing, but after the 1830s Enclosure Acts it was acquired by members of the Bradfield Game Association for grouse shooting. Primarily owned by the Earl Fitzwilliam, and is now managed by the Wentworth Fitzwilliam Estate. There are many boundary stones with carved initials, this being one of several BJV and appears to be a transplanted more recently carved top to an earlier stone pillar set in a substantial base. There are plenty of other stones on nearby moors including Strines Moor, but these ar a 'cut above' the rest.

Location 11 OS ref SK 22197 92993
Boundary Marker WM
Contains "school"



WM is probably Wilson Mappin, son of Sir Frederick Thorpe Mappin.

Location 12 OS ref SK 21611 92870

New Cross base

Contains "diary"



New Cross is a medieval (1066 – 1485) wayside stone cross. It would have been a substantial tall cross, visible from a distance and needed to help travellers find their way over the moors between Derwent and Bradfield. Crosses, a religious symbol, were often placed by monasteries.

Only the base of New Cross remains, the cross itself has probably been used as a boundary marker.

It is a Scheduled Ancient Monument.

After the 1750 – 1850 Enclosure Acts the new owners of the moorlands did their best to discourage use on this important crossing by taking down the stone cross and other marker stones.

There were five 'Gates' across the Derwent moors, this one has been known about for centuries and appears on the OS map as 'New Cross (rems of), but the footpath is very hard to find on the ground and it has largely become disused.

The Sheffield Clarion Ramblers Club led by Bert Ward campaiged from 1900 onwards to regain the stolen rights of way resulting from land enclosures. His efforts led to much improved access from the National Parks Act 1949, of which the Peak District was the first designated National Park in 1951, and the 2000 Countrysire Rights of Way Act.

Location 13 OS ref SK 19910 90951

Back Tor boulders graffiti

Contains "detonated"



Back Tor is a well known landmark on Derwent Edge, and a popular place for refreshments. Shooting parties probably lunched here, and may have idled their time by carving their initials on their hosts' boulders. One set of initials is dated 1868.



Back Tor trig point has been stuck on top of the tor on a base of concrete, and despite enduring wild gales it has remained in place.

Location 14 OS ref SK 19692 89725 Bradfield Gate Head Contains "plots"



Bradfield Gate Head is where Foulstone Road crosses the Derwent watershed. This is another of the five 'Gates', routes connecting the east villages of Penistone and Bradfield with Derwent to the west.